ळ	103797 स्थापत्य अभियांत्रिकी पेपर - 1 : 2 (दोन) तास
1)	सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत 100 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत सर्व प्रश्न आहेत किंवा नाहीत याची खात्री करून घ्यावी. तसेच अन्य काही दोष आढळल्यास ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका समवेक्षकांकडून लगेच बदलून घ्यावी.
(2)	आपला परीक्षा-क्रमांक ह्या चौकोनांत न विसरता बॉलपेनने लिहावा. केंद्राची संकेताक्षरे रोवटचा अंक
(3)	वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर विशिष्ट जागी उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे न विसरता नमूद करावा.
(4)	या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचविली असून त्यांना 1, 2, 3 आणि 4 असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तराचा क्रमांक उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर नमूद करावा. अशा प्रकारे उत्तरपत्रिकेवर उत्तरक्रमांक नमूद करताना तो संबंधित प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोर छायांकित करून दर्शविला जाईल याची काळजी घ्यावी. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.
(5)	सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. यास्तव सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्यावीत. घाईमुळे चुका होणार नाहीत याची दक्षता घेऊनच शक्य तितक्या वेगाने प्रश्न सोडवावेत. क्रमाने प्रश्न सोडविणे श्रेयस्कर आहे पण एखादा प्रश्न कठीण वाटल्यास त्यावर वेळ न घालविता पुढील प्रश्नाकडे वळावे. अशा प्रकारे शेवटच्या प्रश्नापर्यंत पोहोचल्यानंतर वेळ शिल्लक राहिल्यास कठीण म्हणून वगळलेल्या प्रश्नांकडे परतणे सोईस्कर ठरेल.
(6)	उत्तरपत्रिकेत एकदा नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडता येणार नाही. नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडून नव्याने उत्तर दिल्यास ते तपासले जाणार नाही. एकापेक्षा जास्त उत्तरे नमूद केल्यास ते उत्तर चुकीचे धरले जाईल व त्या चुकीच्या उत्तराचे गुण वजा केले जातील.
(7)	प्रस्तुत परीक्षेच्या उत्तरपत्रिकांचे मूल्यांकन करताना उमेदवाराच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेतील योग्य उत्तरांनाच गुण दिले जातील. तसेच "उमेदवाराने वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी स्वरूपाच्या प्रश्नांची दिलेल्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तरेच उत्तरपत्रिकेत नमूद करावीत. अन्यथा त्यांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेत सोडविलेल्या प्रत्येक चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी 25% किंवा 1/4 गुण वजा करण्यात येतील"
Γ	ताकीद
परी को व्य तसे एक तसे	प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपेपर्यंत ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका आयोगाची मालमत्ता असून ती परीक्षाकक्षात उमेदवाराला क्षेसाठी वापरण्यास देण्यात येत आहे. ही वेळ संपेपर्यंत सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेची प्रत/प्रती, किंवा सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील काही आशय गत्याही स्वरूपात प्रत्यक्ष वा अप्रत्यक्षपणे कोणत्याही व्यक्तीस पुरविणे, तसेच प्रसिद्ध करणे हा गुन्हा असून अशी कृती करणाऱ्या ततिवर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या "परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचा अधिनियम-82" यातील तरतुदीनुसार च प्रचलित कायद्याच्या तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल. च ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी विहित केलेली वेळ संपण्याआधी ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका अनधिकृतपणे बाळगणे हा सुद्धा गुन्हा असून तसे करणारी
	म्ती आयोगाच्या कर्मचारीवृंदापैकी, तसेच परीक्षेच्या पर्यवेक्षकीयवृंदापैकी असली तरीही अशा व्यक्तीविरुद्ध उक्त अधिनियमानुसार वाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

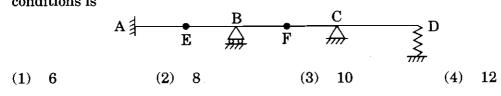
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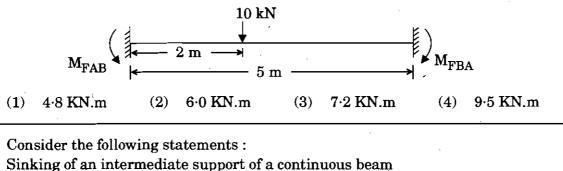
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1. The kinematic indeterminacy of the following beam after imposing the boundary conditions is



A fixed beam AB, of constant EI, shown in figure below, supports a concentrated load 2. of 10 KN. What is the fixed end-moment M_{FAB} at support A?

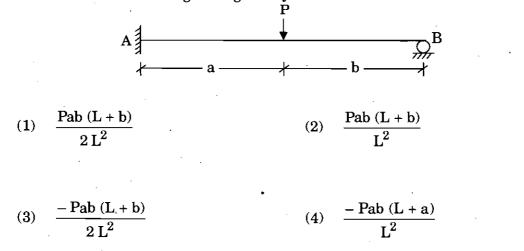


- Reduces the negative moment at support. (i)
- (ii) Increases the negative moment at support.
- (iii) Reduces the positive moment at the centre of span.
- (iv) Increases the positive moment at the centre of span.
- Out of these above statements :
- (i) and (iv) are correct (1)

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3.

- (2)(i) and (iii) are correct
- (3)(ii) and (iii) are correct
- (ii) and (iv) are correct (4)
- 4. Fixed end of propped cantilever due to a concentrated load P at a distance 'a' from fixed ends as shown in figure is given by



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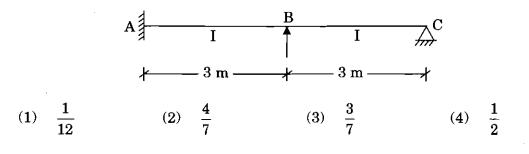
M14

- 5. The sinking moment in a prismatic fixed beam whose one support yields by δ will be where, *l* is length of beam
 - I is Moment of Inertia

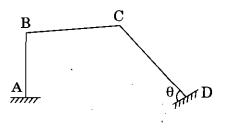
E is Modulus of Elasticity

(1) $\frac{2 \operatorname{EI} \delta}{l}$ (2) $\frac{4 \operatorname{EI} \delta}{l}$ (3) $\frac{6 \operatorname{EI} \delta}{l^2}$ (4) $\frac{6 \operatorname{EI} \delta}{l}$

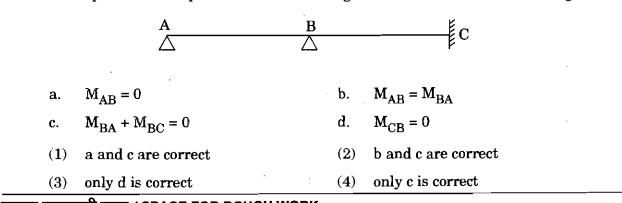
6. The distribution factor for BA member in the given figure is



7. In the frame shown in the figure, if lateral sway of BC is Δ , the sway in member DC is



- (1) Δ (2) $\Delta \cos \theta$ (3) $\Delta \sin \theta$ (4) $\Delta \sec \theta$
- 8. Pick up the correct option from the following for the beam as shown in the figure





If the far end of the beam is fixed, the stiffness of beam with usual notations is 9.

(1)	$\frac{2 \text{ EI}}{\text{L}}$	(2)	$\frac{4 \text{ EI}}{\text{L}}$
(3)	$\frac{3 \text{ EI}}{\text{L}}$	(4)	$\frac{4 \text{ EI}}{\text{L}^2}$

- If three members meet at a joint and the stiffness of members are $K_1 = EI$, 10. $K_2 = 2 EI, K_3 = 1.5 EI$, the distribution factor for member 1 is
 - $\frac{2}{9}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{7}$ (1)(2) (3) (4) None of the above
- 11. Pick up the correct statement that corresponds to moment distributions method.

(i) Unbalanced moment is carried over to the other end of the member when the joint is released.

(ii) Carry over moment has same sign as the distribution end moments.

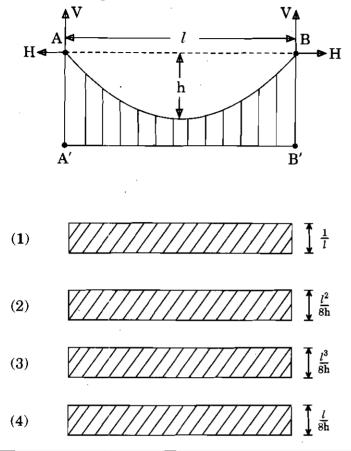
- (1) Both (i) and (ii) are correct
- (2)Only (i) is correct
- (3)Only (ii) is correct
- (4)Both (i) and (ii) are incorrect
- 12. If the central rise of a symmetrical parabolic arch is 10 m, then the rise of the arch at quarter point is
 - (1) 2·5 m (2)5.0 m (3) 7·5 m (4) 8.0 m
- 13. When a 3-hinged semi-circular arch is subjected to uniformly distributed load on entire span, the nature of bending moment at any section is
 - (1)Sagging only
 - (2)Hogging only
 - (3) Zero
 - (4) Partially Sagging & Partially Hogging

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14. For suspension cable with two-hinged stiffening girder as shown in figure, the influence diagram for horizontal thrust is



15. The net horizontal force (F_H) on the top of this tower and the bending moment (B.M.) at the base of the tower due to cable reaction is

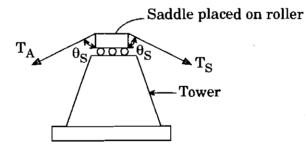


Figure : Roller support

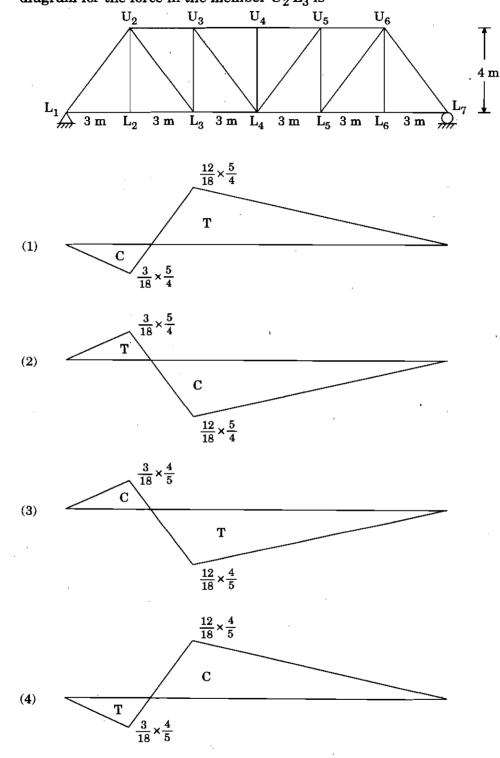
Answer options :

- (1) $F_{H} = T_{A} \cos \theta$, B.M. = $T_{A} \sin \theta$
- (2) $F_H = T_S \cos \theta$, B.M. = Zero
- (3) $F_H = Zero, B.M. = T_A \sin \theta T_A \cos \theta$
- (4) $F_H = Zero, B.M. = Zero$

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16. A truss of panel dimensions $3 \times n \times 4$ m is as shown in figure. The influence line diagram for the force in the member $U_2 L_3$ is



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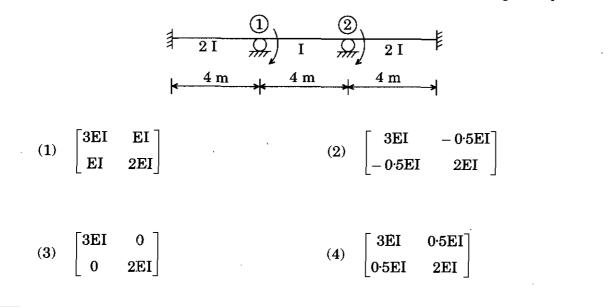
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(3)

- 17. Which principle can be used to obtain the general shape of the influence lines ?
 - (1) Bernoulli Euler's Principle

Stokes' Principle

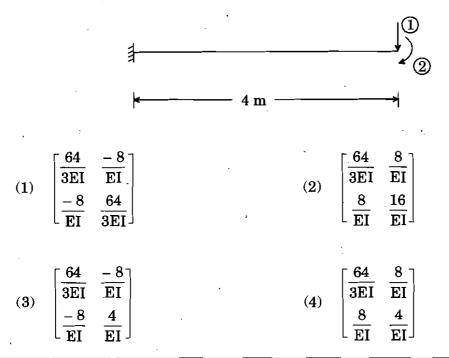
- (2) Muller Breslau's Principle
 (4) D'Alembert's Principle
- 18. The co-ordinates for a beam are shown in figure. Stiffness matrix is given by



- **19.** For a prismatic beam element, if the stiffness matrix is $\frac{2\text{EI}}{L}\begin{bmatrix}2&1\\1&2\end{bmatrix}$, then the flexibility matrix is
 - $(1) \quad \frac{\mathrm{L}}{\mathrm{2EI}} \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 1\\ 1 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$
 - $(2) \quad \frac{L}{6EI} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 - $(3) \quad \frac{L}{6EI} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
 - $(4) \quad \frac{L}{3EI} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

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20. The flexibility matrix of the beam shown below is ____



- 21. For stable structures, one of the important properties of flexibility and stiffness matrices is that the element on the main diagonal
 - (i) of a stiffness matrix must be negative.
 - (ii) of a stiffness matrix must be positive.
 - (iii) of a flexibility matrix must be positive.
 - (iv) of a flexibility matrix must be negative.

Answer options:

- (1) (i) and (iii) (2) (i) and (iv)
- (3) (ii) and (iii) (4) (ii) and (iv)
- 22. Flexibility matrix method of analysis is basically
 - (1) Force method
 - (2) Displacement method
 - (3) Equilibrium method
 - (4) None of the above

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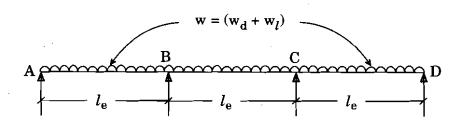
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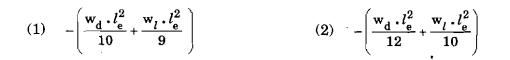
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23.	The	angle of disp	ersion of	f load in we	b buckling	, of beam is		
	(1)	30°	(2)	33°	(3)	40°	(4)	45°
24.						th longer leg		l, axis parallel to
	(1)	x - x axis			(2)	y – y axis		
	(3)	z – z axis			(4)	u – u axis		
25.	the	-					-	of lap is 200 mm led for connection
	(1)	one	(2)	two	(3)	three	(4)	four
26.	Des	ign of pins is j	primaril	y governed	by			
	(1)	Shear	(2)	Bearing	(3)	Flexure	(4)	All of the above
27.	Slop	be of a truss is	equal t	0				
	(1)	pitch/2	(2)	pitch	(3)	2 times pitch	(4)	1·5 times pitch
28.	In c	olumns, splice	es should	l be provide	ed at			
	(1)	the floor leve	els		(2)	the mid heig	ht of <mark>c</mark> o	lumns
	(3)	the beam-co	lumn joi	nts	(4)	$rac{1}{4}^{ ext{th}}$ height of	colum	ns
29.	The	imperfection	factor fo	r welded st		ı is		
	(1)	0.21	(2)	0.32	(3)	0.42	(4)	0.49
30.		at is the efficing the state of	•	-	-	of bolt per pit	ch len	gth is 60 kN and
	(1)	25%	(2)	30%	(3)	35%	(4)	40%
31.	A bo	olted joint may	y experie	ence				
	(1)	shear failure	e					
	(2)	shear failure	e of plate	s				
	(3)	bearing failu	re and l	earing fail	ure of bolt	S .		
	(4)	All of the ab	ove					
					<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

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32.	The partial safet	y factor for the mate	rial of bolt is		
	(1) 1.0	(2) 1.10	(3) 1.15	(4) 1.25	
 33.	Lacing shall be d	-	otal transverse shear	equal to	of
	(1) 5%	(2) 1%	(3) 4.3%	(4) 2·5 %	

34. A continuous beam ABCD as shown in figure is subjected to U.D.L., 'w' kN/m over all spans. What is the moment at support 'C' due to Dead Load (w_d) and Live Load (w_l) as per IS 456-2000 ?





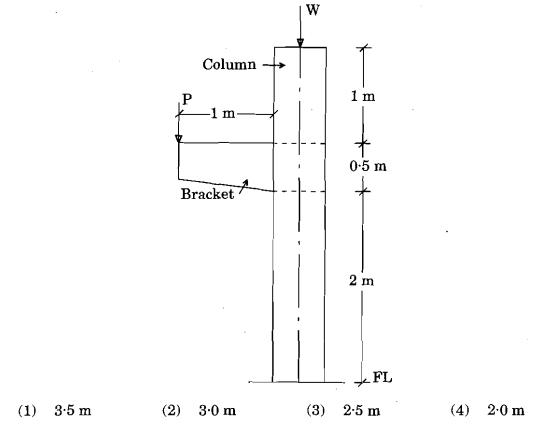


- **35.** For two-way continuous slab of shorter span ≤ 3.5 m with HYSD reinforcement, the span to overall depth ratio is taken as ______ to satisfy the vertical deflection limit for loading class up to 3 kN/m².
 - (1) 26 (2) 28 (3) 32 (4) 35

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36. What is the unsupported length of the column as shown in figure, if c/s of column is $300 \text{ mm} \times 500 \text{ mm}$ and c/s of bracket is $300 \text{ mm} \times 500 \text{ mm}$?



37. A beam is designed using M20 grade of concrete and Fe415 grade of steel is used for tension reinforcement. If diameter of main steel is 12 mm, then what is the minimum value of development length (L_d) provided in support section?

(1) 470 mm (2) 564 mm (3) 260 mm	(4)	300 mm	
--	-----	---------	--

- 38. The basic maximum ratio of span to effective depth of a slab simply supported and spanning in one direction is ______ for spans up to 10 m.
 (1) 35 (2) 25 (3) 30 (4) 20
- 39. The horizontal distance between parallel reinforcement bars or groups, near the tension face of a beam shall not be ______ if Fe415 grade of steel is used as reinforcement without redistribution of moments.
 (1) 125 mm
 (2) 150 mm
 - (3) 165 mm (4) 180 mm

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The thickness at the edge of footing shall be not less than ______ for footing on 40. soil nor less than _____ above the top of the piles for footing on piles. (1)100 mm, 150 mm (2)125 mm, 200 mm 150 mm, 150 mm (3)150 mm, 300 mm (4)In case of stairs with open wells, where spans partly crossing at right angles occur, 41. the load on area common to any two such spans may be taken as _____ in each direction. $\frac{2}{3}$ 1 (3) (1)(2) (4) 42. A circular water tank is designed to store water for 78,500 litres capacity. The water tank rests on ground with flexible joints. If M30 concrete and Fe415 steel is used, then what is the maximum hoop tension developed in water tank, if diameter and total height of tank are 5 m and 4 m respectively? 200 kN (1)(2)150 kN (3)100 kN 50 kN(4) 43. Cantilever retaining wall is designed mainly to resist __ _____ from backfill. (1) Active earth pressure (2)Passive earth pressure (3)Uplift earth pressure (4)Water pressure 44. If the thickness of the slab is 160 mm, then what will be the maximum diameter of reinforcing bars that can be used as main reinforcement? (1)10 mm (2)12 mm (3)16 mm (4) 20 mm

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45.	The	frictional an	id anchor	rage slip l	losses are ob	served in			
	(1)	Post-tensio	ned men	ibers	(2)	Pre-tension	ned mem	bers	
	(3)	Ruptured n	nembers		(4)	Tensile me	mbers		
46.	to a 750 zero	mply suppor superimpos kN is applie eccentricity	ed load ed throug at supp	of 5 kN/r gh parabo port, then	n over a sp olic cable wi what will	an of 5 m. I th eccentrici be the extre	f the pre ty of 50 :	estressing mm at cen	force of atre and
		e at end supp		0	e			•	
	(1)	20 MPa	(2)	23·68 M	IPa (3)	16∙31 MPa	(4)	26 MPa	
47.		eference to li othetical tens Type-1 elen Type-3 elen	sile stres _ · nent		-	-	ming sec nent		
48.	mec	he case of hi hanical mea	ns. Bars	s shall r	not be bent	when their	tempera	ture is les	
	(1)	10°	(2)	20°	(3)	5°	(4)	15°	
49.	area loca conc cabl	ost-tensioned a of 50 mm ² w ted at an ec erete at the l es due to el noring ? 90 MPa	with an i centricity level of s	nitial stro y of 50 n steel (f _c) ortening	ess of 900 M nm, consider = 5 MPa, th if all cable	Pa. If all the modular ra	ree cable atio (m) ll be the	s are straig = 6 and st e loss in st	ght and tress in tress in

- A rectangular concrete beam 120×300 mm is prestressed by straight cable, effective 50. force 180 kN at eccentricity e = 50, area 36×10^3 mm², $z = 18 \times 10^3$ mm³. Find total stress due to prestress. 45(1) - 10(2)25(3)35(4)
- The minimum 28-day cube compressive strength prescribed in the Indian Standard 51. Code IS 1343 for pre-tensioned member is ______.

(1)	30 N/mm^2	(2)	35 N/mm ²	(3)	40 N/mm^2	(4)	45 N/mm ²
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52.								mediately behin trength, f _{ou} of th		
		e or bar or st	•		OI U	,	censile s	pu or an		
	(1)	46%	(2)	67%	(3)	76%	(4)	87%		
53.	Min	imum streng	th of con	crete at tran	sfer stag	e shall be				
	(1)	0·5 f _{ck}	(2)	$0.24 \ \sqrt{f_{ck}}$	(3)	0.67 f _{ck}	(4)	$0.7 \sqrt{f_{ck}}$		
- 54.	Dry	ing shrinkag	e strain	develops slov	wly, as it		_ •			
	(1) develops during initial period of concreting									
	(2) depends on time									
	(3)	develops de	ue to pres	stressing of c	oncrete					
	(4)	is a functio	n of mig	ration of wat	er throug	h the harde	ned conci	rete		
55.	In the case of cables or large bars, the minimum clear spacing measured between sheathings/ducts shall not be less than the larger of									
	(1) 30 mm or 3 times diameter of cables.									
	 (1) 30 mm or 3 times diameter of cables. (2) 40 mm or maximum size of cables or bar or nominal maximum size of 									
	(2)	aggregate			cables 0	r bar or n	ommai i	naximum size		
	(3)	50 mm or plus 5 mm		diameter of	cables or	r nominal m	aximum	size of aggregat		
	(4)	60 mm or plus 5 mm		diameter of	cables or	r nominal m	aximum	size of aggregat		
56.	Which IS code describes detailed precautions regarding safety measures for drillin									
	and blasting operations ?									
	(1)	IS 1456 – 2	2004		(2)	IS 481 – 19	967			
	(3)	IS 2023 – 1	985		(4)	IS 4081 – 1	1986			
57.	When events of a bigger network are numbered as 10, 20, 30, 40, etc., what is th									
	process of numbering called ?									
	(1)	Skip Numb	pering		(2)	Special Nu	mbering	•		
	(3)	Prime Nur	nbering		(4)	Ultimate N	lumberin	ıg		
	Wha	at is optimis	tic time e	estimate cons	sidered in	PERT anal	ysis?	,		
58.		N6	noggible	time	(2)	Shortest p	ossible ti	ma		
58.	(1)	Maximum	possible		~-/	1				

59. In Quality Control, Reliability, for sampling of units, is expressed as a percentage in the form of a Reliability number as

(1)	$100 - \left[\frac{\text{no. of defective units}}{\text{no. of units tested}} \times 100\right]$
(2)	$100 - \left[\frac{\text{no. of units tested}}{\text{no. of defective units}} \times 100\right]$
(3)	$100 - \left[\frac{\text{no. of units tested}}{\text{no. of defective units}} \times \text{ standard deviation}\right]$
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- (4) 100 [no. of possible defective units]
- **60.** Identify which of the following inventory control policy is classified on the basis of consumption rate of inventory and helps to control obsolescence ?
 - (1) SDE (Scarce, Difficult and Easy)
 - (2) VED (Vital, Essential and Desirable)
 - (3) HML (High, Medium and Low)
 - (4) FSN (Fast, Slow and Normal)
- **61.** In construction industry, the conformance cost associated with preparing work instructions and checklist, drafting specifications, training of staff and workmen is classified as
 - (1) Prevention Cost (2) Appraisal Cost
 - (3) Failure Cost (4) Inventory Cost
- **62.** Which among the following are the principles which belong to modern management theory suggested by Henry Fayol ?
 - (i) Obtaining harmony in group action
 - (ii) Replacing rules of thumb with science
 - (iii) Authority and Responsibility
 - (iv) Unity of command

Answer options:

- (1) Only (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (2) Only (i), (iii) and (iv)

(3) Only (i) and (iii) \neg

(4) Only (iii) and (iv)

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- (i) These are easier to establish.
- (ii) There is no unity of control.
- (iii) Decisions can be taken quickly.
- (iv) There is a strong sense of discipline.

Answer options :

- (1) All of the above
- (2) Only (i), (iii) and (iv)
- (3) Only (i), (ii) and (iv)
- (4) Only (i)

64. Which type of crane will you recommend for the construction of High Rise Building?

- (1) Crawler crane
- (2) Truck mounted crane
- (3) Tower crane
- (4) Gantry crane
- **65.** The occupational disease that results from the inhalation of specific dust to the construction worker is
 - (1) Bursitis
 - (2) Hearing impairment
 - (3) Muscle disorder
 - (4) Pneumoconiosis
- **66.** In quality management system, the set of activities which builds confidence of both customers and managers and suggests that all quality requirements are being met is called as
 - (1) Quality of concept
 - (2) Design quality
 - (3) Quality control
 - (4) Quality assurance

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67. In solving simultaneous equations by Gauss-Jordan method, the coefficient matrix is reduced to _____ matrix.

- (1) Square (2) Diagonal
- (3) Null (4) Triangular

68. Using Gauss-Jordan method, the solution of the system of equations x + y + z = 9 2x - 3y + 4z = 13 3x + 4y + 5z = 40is (1) x = 3, y = 1, z = 5(2) x = 5, y = 1, z = 3(3) $x = 9, y = 1, z = \frac{13}{2}$ (4) x = 1, y = 3, z = 5

69. Solve the following equations by Gauss elimination method.

- 2x + 4y 6z = -4x + 5y + 3z = 10x + 3y + 2z = 5
- (1) x = -3, y = 2, z = 1(2) x = 3, y = -2, z = 1(3) x = 3, y = 1, z = -2(4) x = 1, y = 3, z = -2

70. Apply Gauss elimination method to solve the following equations.

x + 4y - z = -5x + y - 6z = -123x - y - z = 4

- (1) x = 1.6479, y = -1.1408, z = 2.0845
- (2) $\mathbf{x} = -2.1155, \, \mathbf{y} = 0.1555, \, \mathbf{z} = 1.5835$
- (3) x = 3.8425, y = -2.2835, z = 0.8455
- (4) $\mathbf{x} = -2.2885, \, \mathbf{y} = 1.4825, \, \mathbf{z} = 3.7885$

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71.	While solving th $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0$ and	-	neous equations by	iterative methods, with
	$20x_1 + 2x_2 + 6x_3 =$	= 28		
	$x_1 + 20x_2 + 9x_3 =$	- 23		
	$2x_1 - 7x_2 - 20x_3 =$	= - 57		
	what will be the v	value of x ₁ in next ite	ration?	
	(1) 1.0	(2) 1.20	(3) 1.33	(4) 1·40
72.	Obtain root of equ	$f(\mathbf{x}) = \cos \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}$	e ^x = 0 using bisection	
	(1) 0.515	(2) 0.425	(3) 0.325	(4) 0·715
73.		equation using x log		wton-Raphson method by
	(1) 2.513	(2) 2.0256	(3) 2·169	(4) 2.741
74.		t positive root of the Newton-Raphson me		- 8 = 0, correct to 4 places
	(1) 3·2568	(2) 1.2261	(3) 2.2361	(4) 0.8261
75.	Evaluate $\int_{0}^{6} \frac{dx}{1+x}$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$ by using Simpson	's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule. (Choose sto	ep size h = 1)
	(1) 1·4326	(2) 3 ·1571	(3) 4 ·132	(4) 1 ·3571
				· · · · ·
76.	The number of st	rips required in Simp	son's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule is a mu	ltiple of
76.	(1) 1	(2) 2	(3) 3	(4) 6
76.			.	
76.	(1) 1	(2) 2	.	(4) 6
	(1) 1	(2) 2	(3) 3	(4) 6

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78.	As a part of ground work for plaster, dots are laid on the surface o plastered having size									
	(1)	$10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$	(2)	$20 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}$						
	(3)	$10 \text{ mm} \times 10 \text{ mm}$	(4)	$15 \text{ cm} \times 15 \text{ cm}$						
79.		ertical member of a frame which is	 s emp	loyed to sub-divide a window or door						
	(1)	Jamb	(2)	Reveal						
	(3)	Transom	(4)	Mullion						
80.	Foll	owing paint hardens by evaporation	of thi	mer or solvent :						
	(1)	Aluminium paint	(2)	Cellulose paint						
	(3)	Asbestos paint	(4)	Silicate paint						
81.	A p	neumatic caisson is a structure used	in fou	ndation work, which is						
	(1)	Open at top as well as bottom		۰						
	(2)	Open at bottom and closed at top								
	(3)	Closed at top as well as bottom	a.							
	(4)	Closed at bottom and open at top		,						
82.	By a	using which materials can resilient f	loors b	e made ?						
	(1)	PVC	(2)	Rubber						
	(3)	Linoleum	(4)	All of the above						
— 83.	 In v	which IS code are details of slump tes	t men	tioned ?						
	(1)	IS 1060 – 1968	(2)	IS 1199 – 1999						
				IS 1357 – 1998						

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84.	Whi	ich defect in tin	nber is	an early sign o	of decay	y ?		
	(1)	Heart Shake			(2)	Star Shake		
	(3)	Ring Shake			(4)	Cup Shake		
 85.		mally what sl vided ?	hould	be the height	t of b	uilding for wh	ich fi	re lifts mus
	(1)	Above 15 met	ers		(2)	Above 25 met	ers	
	(3)	Above 40 met	ers		(4)	Above 50 met	ers	
86.		per IS 456 – lerate exposure	-			ontent for M2	5 gra	de concrete
•	(1)	250 kg/m ³	(2)	300 kg/m ³	(3)	320 kg/m ³	(4)	340 kg/m ³
87.	The	water seal in t	he tra	ps varies from				
	(1)	5 to 10 cm	(2)	3.5 to 7.5 cm	(3)	2.5 to 5.0 cm	(4)	3∙0 to 7∙5 c
88.	Spe	cific gravity of	buildir	ng stones shoul	d be m	ore than		
88.	Spe (1)	cific gravity of 2·7	buildir (2)	ng stones shoul 2·9	d be m (3)	ore than 3·0	(4)	2.5
	(1)	2.7	(2)	2.9	(3)			
	(1)	2.7	(2)	2.9	(3)	3.0		
	(1) 	2·7	(2)	2.9	(3) n brick	3·0 earth it makes		
88. 	(1) If (1) (3)	2.7 cons Alumina Lime	(2) stituen	2.9 t is in excess in	(3) n brick (2) (4)	3·0 earth it makes Silica	bricks	s brittle.
.89,	(1) If (1) (3) What	2.7 cons Alumina Lime	(2) stituen	2.9 t is in excess in d to the two m	(3) n brick (2) (4) utually	3.0 earth it makes Silica Magnesia	bricks	s brittle.

- **91.** What will be the modulus of rigidity, if the value of modulus of elasticity is 200 KN/mm² & Poisson Ratio is 0.25?
 - $(1) \quad 70 \quad (2) \quad 80 \quad (3) \quad 125 \quad (4) \quad 200$
- **92.** Due to external loading, the length of member is decreased by dl. The ratio of decrease in length to original length is called
 - (1) Intensity of stress (2) Compressive stress
 - (3) Shear strain (4) Compressive strain
- **93.** A simply supported beam of span 'L' m is carrying a triangular load, varying gradually from zero at supports (i.e. both ends) to W per unit length at the centre of span. What will be the maximum bending moment ?

(1) $\frac{WL^2}{6}$ (2) $\frac{WL^2}{12}$ (3) $\frac{3WL^2}{20}$ (4) $\frac{2WL^2}{9}$

94. The bending equation is written as ______. (1) $\frac{I}{M} = \frac{\sigma}{Y} = \frac{E}{R}$ (2) $\frac{M}{I} = \frac{\sigma^2}{Y} = \frac{E^2}{R^2}$ (3) $\frac{M}{I} = \frac{\sigma}{Y} = \frac{E}{R}$ (4) $\frac{M^2}{I} = \frac{\sigma^2}{Y} = \frac{E^2}{R}$

95. If a point in a strained material is subjected to two mutually perpendicular stresses, $\sigma_x = 100$ MPa (T) and $\sigma_y = 50$ MPa (C), then what will be the magnitude of maximum shear stress ?

(1) 25 MPa (2) 50 MPa (3) 75 MPa (4) 150 MPa

96. A bar of diameter 30 mm is subjected to a tensile load such that the measured extension on a gauge length of 200 mm is 0.09 mm and the change in diameter is 0.0045 mm. Calculate the Poisson Ratio :

$(1) \frac{1}{3}$	$(2) \frac{1}{4}$	$(3) - \frac{1}{5}$	$(4) \frac{1}{6}$
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97. A point of contraflexure in a bending moment diagram indicates _____

- (1) Negative Bending moment
- (2) Zero shear force
- (3) Bending moment changes sign
- (4) Shear force changes sign

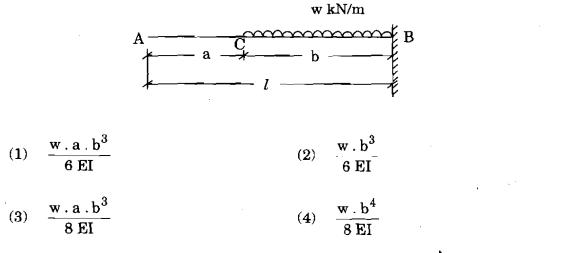
98. A simply supported beam of span l is carrying point load W at mid span. What is the deflection at centre of beam ?

(1)	$\frac{Wl^2}{48EI}$	(2)	$\frac{Wl^3}{48EI}$
(3)	$\frac{5}{348} \frac{Wl^3}{EI}$	(4)	$\frac{11}{120} \frac{Wl^3}{EI}$

99. The section modulus of a circular section at an axis passing its CG is

(1) $\frac{\pi d^2}{4}$	$(2) \frac{\pi d^2}{16}$	$(3) \frac{\pi d^3}{16}$	$(4) \frac{\pi d^3}{32}$
,			

100. A cantilever beam AB of length 'l' and subjected to a U.D.L. of intensity 'w' kN/m over a length 'b' is shown in the figure. If EI is constant, then what is the deflection at C?



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सूचना 🗕 (पृष्ठ 1 वरून पुढे....)

- (8) प्रश्नपुस्तिकेमध्ये विहित केलेल्या विशिष्ट जागीच कच्चे काम (रफ वर्क) करावे. प्रश्नपुस्तिकेव्यतिरिक्त उत्तरपत्रिकेवर वा इतर कागदावर कच्चे काम केल्यास ते कॉपी करण्याच्या उद्देशाने केले आहे, असे मानले जाईल व त्यानुसार उमेदवारावर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या "परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचे अधिनियम-82" यातील तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.
- (9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपल्यानंतर उमेदवाराला ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका स्वत:बरोबर परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर घेऊन जाण्यास परवानगी आहे. मात्र परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर जाण्यापूर्वी उमेदवाराने आपल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा भाग-1 समवेक्षकाकडे न विसरता परत करणे आवश्यक आहे.

नमूना प्रश्न

Pick out the correct word to fill in the blank :

(2)

 $(\mathbf{1})$

Q.No. 201. I congratulate you _____ your grand success.

- $(1) \quad \text{for} \tag{2}$
- (3) on (4) about

(4)

ह्या प्रश्नाचे योग्य उत्तर "(3) on" असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर "(3)" होईल. यास्तव खालीलप्रमाणे प्रश्न क्र. 201 समोरील उत्तर-क्रमांक "③" हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखविणे आवश्यक आहे.

at

प्र. क्र. 201.

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तर-क्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्ररीत्या पुरविलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील त्या त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोरील संबंधित वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखवावा. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

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